Notice

This publication must be read in its entirety before performing any operation. Failure to understand and follow these instructions could result in serious personal injury and/or damage to the equipment. Should this equipment require repair or adjustment beyond the procedures given herein, contact the factory at:

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Fox Thermal FT3 Manuals:
- Fox Thermal FT3 Data Logger Manual
- Fox Thermal FT3 Calibration Validation User’s Guide
- Fox Thermal FT3 RS485 Modbus Manual
- Fox Thermal FT3 HART Manual
- Fox Thermal FT3 View™ Software Manual

All Fox Thermal Manuals and software available in English only.
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Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the Model FT3 Thermal Gas Mass Flow Meter and Temperature Transmitter from Fox Thermal. The Model FT3 is one of the most technically advanced flow meters in the world. Extensive engineering effort has been invested to deliver advanced features, accuracy measurement performance and outstanding reliability.

This Instruction Manual contains the electrical and mechanical installation instructions as well as details for programming, maintaining and troubleshooting the meter.

This manual is divided into the following sections: Introduction, Installation, Wiring, Operation, Maintenance, Troubleshooting, Appendices, Glossary and Index.

Theory of Operation

The Model FT3 is an innovative Thermal Mass Gas Flow Meter and Temperature Transmitter. It is microprocessor-based and field programmable. The FT3 thermal sensor operates on the law that gases absorb heat. A heated sensor placed in an air or gas stream transfers heat in proportion to the stream’s mass velocity. There are two sensor elements connected to a balanced bridge circuit. One sensor element detects the gas temperature and a second element is maintained at a constant temperature above the gas temperature. The energy applied to the heated sensor to maintain a constant temperature differential (constant Δ T) is directly proportional to the mass flow velocity. The FT3 flow meter maintains accurate flow measurement over a large temperature and pressure range.

Mass Flow

The Model FT3 measures mass flow; an advantage over other flow meters which measure volumetric flow rate. Volumetric flow is incomplete because temperature and pressure are unknown and must be measured separately. For example, the mass flow of a gas depends on its temperature and pressure. As temperature and pressure changes, the gas volume changes but not its mass. Therefore a device measuring mass flow is independent of temperature and pressure. The Model FT3 provides a direct measurement of gas flow in Mass units (kg/hr, lb/hr), standard units (SCFM, SLPM) or normal units (NM3/hr, NLPM) with no additional temperature or pressure measurements required.

Calibration Validation

Fox Thermal has developed a method to validate the calibration of the flow meter in the field. This method is called Calibration Validation and it is made up of two distinct tests: CAL-V™ and Zero CAL-CHECK®. The goal of Calibration Validation is to provide operators with the ability to verify that the meter is capturing accurate data at scheduled recalibration times - or at any time - instead of sending the meter back to the factory for recalibration.

By performing CAL-V™ in the field, operators can verify that the meter is running accurately by testing the functionality of the sensor and its associated signal processing circuitry. This test can be done in the pipe and in normal processing conditions. The second test, Zero CAL-CHECK®, ensures the effectiveness and sensibility of the sensor at a “no flow” condition.
Flow Calibration
The Fox Thermal Calibration Lab maintains instrument calibration records on every flow meter. This data can also be accessed by a computer using FT3 View™ software within the instrument. Computer-generated calibration documents describe specific instrument details that can be sorted by serial number, tag number or customer purchase order.

Calibration files include details on process conditions, calibration fluid, line size and other information. All NIST-traceable equipment utilized for the calibration procedure is identified, as is the calibration history of all reference equipment. In addition to the Calibration Certificate, a certified flow table that correlates current outputs with scaled units of flow is produced for each calibrated device.

I/O Description
The FT3 features two galvanically isolated 4-20mA analog outputs, one isolated digital output that can be used for frequency or alarm, one programmable contact input and a USB connection for communication with a computer.

The first 4-20mA output is for flow rate. The second 4-20mA output can be configured either for flow rate or process gas temperature. Both 4-20mA outputs can be scaled by the user. The frequency output is programmable to represent flow rate and can be scaled for maximum flow/maximum frequency, units-per-pulse or pulse-per-units. The maximum frequency is 100 Hz. An isolated 24VDC output power option is provided for use with these outputs. It can supply a 42mA maximum total load (do not use for other external devices). FT3 View™ interfaces to the USB port and is a free Fox Thermal PC-based software program that displays flow meter readings and permits flow meter configuration. Industry standard communication options are available including HART or RS485  Modbus. Only one of these options can be provided in a single FT3 flow meter.

FT3 Optional Display and Configuration Panel
The configuration panel allows the user to change a variety of settings in the FT3. The display is 2 lines x 16 characters with 4 mechanical and 4 IR (infrared) buttons. The IR and mechanical (push) buttons perform the same function but the IR buttons can be used without opening the cover. The IR buttons can be calibrated (p. 53) for better operation in the field or disabled (p. 52) when the meter is used in snow or ice in order to avoid false key detection.

Fig. 1.1: FT3 Optional Display and Configuration Panel
FT3 Functional Diagram
An optional on-board display is available to view flow rate, total flow, elapsed time, process gas temperature and alarms. The display is also used in conjunction with the Configuration Panel for field configuration of flow meter settings such as 4-20mA scaling, pulse output frequency scaling, pipe area, zero flow cutoff, flow filtering or damping, display configurations, diagnostics and alarm limits.

Fig. 1.2: FT3 Functional Diagram
Introduction

Scope
This section describes how to install the Fox Thermal Model FT3 Flow Meter and how to get started. Installation methods will vary according to the flow meter type (insertion or inline).

For Insertion Types:
1. Determine lateral position on the pipe
2. Sensor installation depth
3. Sensor orientation in relation to sensor length and direction of flow
4. Proper tightening of compression fitting for mounting meter

For Inline Types:
1. Determine lateral position on the pipe
2. Flow body orientation in relation to direction of flow in pipe
3. Proper tightening of compression fitting

Installation procedures must be performed using a combination of the end user’s best engineering practices, in compliance with local codes, and manufacturer’s recommendations.

General Precautions
The following general precautions should be observed:

1. Exercise care when handling the flow meter to avoid damaging the probe, sensor or enclosure.
2. Close any unused conduit openings in the enclosure with plugs certified for your application.
3. The enclosure covers must be closed except during installation.
4. Mounting FT3 in direct sunlight can cause the temperature inside the enclosure to increase beyond design limits, resulting in failure of LCD display and reduced component life. It is recommended that a sunshade be installed to avoid direct sunlight.
5. Ensure the flow direction arrow points in the direction of flow.
6. Do not install the FT3 enclosure near an igniter, igniter-controller or switching equipment.
7. Do not install an external power supply in a cabinet containing an igniter controller or switching equipment.
8. Ensure that good engineering practices and applicable industry codes are followed throughout the installation process.
9. For accurate flow measurement: review flow meter placement instructions before installation to ensure a proper flow profile in the pipe.
Instructions for Insertion Flow Meter Lateral Placement
Install the Model FT3 Insertion style flow meter so that it is far enough away from bends in the pipe, obstructions, or changes in line sizes to ensure a consistent flow profile. Fifteen diameters of straight pipe upstream and ten downstream are recommended.

For example, a 2" pipe would require 30" upstream and 20" downstream, but a 4" pipe would require 60" upstream and 40" downstream.

NOTE! The probe diameter is ½".
NOTE! Fox Thermal ¼" meters require 6" of straight pipe upstream and downstream of the meter’s inlet and outlet.
NOTE! Fox Thermal flow meters can be mounted in either horizontal or vertical pipes.

Fig. 2.1: Upstream and Downstream Pipe IDs for Insertion Meters
Installation

Installation Depth
The installation depth of the sensor in the pipe is dependent on the pipe size. To get the most accurate reading, proper placement of the sensor window within the pipe is necessary. As shown in Fig. 2.2, the end of the sensor window should be 0.87" past the center line of the pipe.

Fig. 2.2: Cross Section of Insertion Sensor Depth in Pipe

Specific Conditions of Use:
• The flameproof joints of the equipment are not intended to be repaired. Consult manufacturer if dimensional information on the flameproof joints is necessary.
• Follow the manufacturer's instructions to reduce the potential of an electrostatic charging hazard.
NOTE! Some flow meters are shipped with the sensor elements that are offset (see figure 2.4). Others are shipped with sensors that have equal length elements (see figure 2.5). The sensor type supplied was selected at the factory to be the best suited for your application. Follow the appropriate sensor orientation instructions.

Unequal Length Sensor Elements
Install the shorter sensor element upstream from the longer one.

Fig. 2.3: Orientation of Insertion Type Flow Meter

Fig. 2.4: Unequal Length Sensor Elements
Installation

**Equal Length Sensor Elements**
Install flow meter with *both sensor elements* facing the flow stream within ±2°.

![Fig. 2.5: Equal Length Sensor Elements](image)

**Insertion Mounting Instructions - Compression Fittings**
The Model FT3 is mounted through a ¾" hole and a ¾" female NPT half coupling provided in the customer’s pipe. Insertion style flow meters are not designed for use in pipes smaller than 1½".

- Install the compression fitting into the ¾-inch female NPT half coupling.
- When installing in a 2" pipe or larger, install the end of the probe 0.87" past the center line of the pipe and tighten the compression fitting nut (refer to figure 2.2 on p. 9).
- When installing into a 1½" pipe carefully install the probe into the pipe until it touches the opposite wall and pull back 0.1". Tighten the compression fitting nut.

**CAUTION!** Once the compression fitting is locked onto the probe, the probe can be removed or rotated, but the insertion depth is locked in place.

**NOTE!** Do not overtighten compression fitting.

![Fig. 2.6: Proper Tightening of the Compression Fitting Nut](image)

While holding the fitting body steady, tighten the nut one and one-quarter turn to the 9 o'clock position.
Installation

Instructions for Inline Flow Meter Placement
Install the Model FT3 Inline style flow meter so that it is far enough away from bends in the pipe, obstructions, or changes in line sizes to ensure a consistent flow profile. Eight diameters of straight pipe upstream and four downstream are recommended (for \( \frac{1}{4"} \) meters: 6" (152 mm) of straight, unobstructed pipe upstream and downstream are required).

For example, a 2" pipe would require 16" upstream from the edge of the flow body and 8" downstream from the other end of the flow body, whereas a 4" pipe would require 32" upstream and 16" downstream.

The Model FT3 is welded, threaded or flanged to the customer’s pipe. Care should be taken to ensure that the diameter of the mating pipe is the same diameter as the Model FT3 flow body or errors in flow readings can occur. The installation procedure should be a combination of the end user’s best engineering practices, in compliance with local codes, and the manufacturer’s recommendations.

See Figure 2.7 for a detailed look at upstream and downstream pipe diameters for inline meters.

Fig. 2.7: Upstream and Downstream Pipe IDs forInline Meters
Installation

Inline Orientation
Install the flow body so that the engraved arrow on the fitting and the arrow on the flow body are pointing with the direction of flow.

*Fig. 2.8: Orientation of an Inline Meter - Directional Arrows*

Tightening Compression Fittings
The compression fitting has been placed according to the proper depth in the flow body by Fox Thermal factory technicians. After the flow body has been correctly fitted to the process pipe, the compression fitting may need to be tightened correctly (see figure 2.6 on p. 11).

**NOTE!**
- Refer to the Fox Thermal FT3 Calibration Validation User’s Guide for information on setting the field baseline for Zero CAL-CHECK® tests if you plan to perform these tests in the pipe.
- Please save the PVC sensor cover that was shipped with your meter. It will be needed to perform Zero CAL-CHECK® tests out of pipe.
Wiring Instructions
Wire the FT3 by opening the rear enclosure cover, bringing customer supplied wires in through the conduit openings and connecting to the terminal blocks. The FT3 has two conduit openings to maintain separation between AC input power and output signal wiring. To eliminate the possibility of noise interference, use a separate conduit for AC power and cut all wires short for a minimum service loop.

Wiring Precautions

• WARNING - DO NOT OPEN THE ENCLOSURE WHEN ENERGIZED OR AN EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE IS PRESENT.
• All plumbing and electrical installations of flow meters must be in compliance with local codes, the end user’s best engineering practices, and manufacturer’s recommendations.
• An external power disconnect and 16A over-current protection are required for the AC and DC powered FT3.
• Do not install the FT3 enclosure near an igniter, igniter-controller or switching equipment.
• Do not install an external power supply in a cabinet containing an igniter controller or switching equipment.
• This flow meter contains components that can be damaged by static electricity. You must discharge yourself by touching a grounded steel pipe or other grounded steel material prior to working inside this flow meter.
• For the remote sensor option, the serial number of the electronics enclosure must match the remote sensor probe.
• Close any unused entries using suitably certified plugs

Power Wiring
For power wiring, use stranded copper wire, no larger than 16-gauge. If an external 24VDC power source is used, twisted pair shielded cable is recommended. Supply connection wiring must be rated for at least 90°C.

Grounding
The enclosure must be properly grounded with a quality earth ground. 16 gauge, stranded wire is recommended.

Signal Wiring
For signal wiring, the recommended wire gauge is 18 to 22 AWG. Always use twisted pair shielded cable. The cable shield should not be connected at the flow meter, it should be connected at the power supply AC ground terminal or instrumentation AC ground. Do not route the power and signal wires in the same conduit. Power wires must enter left-hand conduit entry. Signal and remote sensor (where applicable) must enter right-hand conduit entry.
Serial Communication Wiring
If you have purchased communications options, please refer to one of the following appropriate Fox Thermal Instruction Manuals:
- Fox Thermal FT3 RS485 Modbus Manual
- Fox Thermal FT3 HART Manual

FT3 Wiring

Fig. 3.1: FT3 Wiring

NOTE! Remote wiring is only required when the Remote Electronics options is provided. Five wire shielded cable required, the recommended wire gauge is 18 AWG. Make sure that the cable length does not exceed 100 feet and the wire resistance does not exceed one ohm. Do not connect the cable shield at the electronics enclosure end.

Serial numbers: If you have more than one meter, you must ensure that the serial numbers of the probe/J-Box, remote electronics, housing, and/or flow body match one another. These items have been manufactured and calibrated to operate as a unit and cannot be mismatched.

Installation wiring: Obtain the correct length for the FT3 power and signal wires using one of these methods:
- Trim the wires to extend 2.5 inches out of the enclosure after the conduit and wires are routed to the FT3 (preferred method).
- Trim the wires to extend 6 inches from the end of the conduit before it is attached to the FT3.
Wiring

Power Input Requirements: 24VDC Supply
External DC power supply must provide 24VDC ± 10%, at 0.7 Amps minimum.

The enclosure must be properly grounded with a quality earth ground. Sixteen (16) gauge, stranded wire, is recommended for power and earth ground.

Fig. 3.2: Connections for 24VDC Supply

CAUTION!
- Supply connection wiring must be rated for at least 90°C.

NOTE! A power failure or resetting the total will cause the Contract Time to change. Data Logger with a Real Time Clock (RTC) option should be used to avoid this.
Wiring

Power Input Requirements: 100 to 240VAC Supply
If the FT3 has the AC power supply option, the AC power must provide 100 to 240VAC -15% / +10% (85 to 264VAC) at 0.2 Amps minimum.

The enclosure must be properly grounded with a quality earth ground. Sixteen (16) gauge, stranded wire, is recommended.

Fig. 3.3: Connections for optional AC Power

CAUTION!
• Supply connection wiring must be rated for at least 90°C.
4-20mA Output Wiring: Customer-Supplied Power Source

Bring the 4-20mA wiring in through the right-hand conduit hub. Connect FLOW RATE 4-20mA wiring to TS2, 1(+) & 2(-). Connect 4-20mA output #2 wiring to TS2, 3(+) & 4(-).

**CAUTION!** When using the 4-20mA output to control equipment in a failsafe application, see the wiring configuration on p. 20.

*Fig. 3.4: 4-20mA Output Wiring for Customer-Supplied Power Source*

---

**NOTE!**

The load resistor on the Fox Thermal Flow Meter 4-20mA signal is typically 250 ohms and is located in or at the customers PLC or DCS. A 250 ohm resistor in the 4-20mA line will result in a 1 to 5VDC signal to the PLC or DCS. Some PLC/DCS equipment has the load resistor built in to the unit; please refer to the PLC/DCS technical manual. **Do not exceed a 600 ohm load on the Fox Thermal Flow Meter 4-20mA signal.**
Wiring

4-20mA Output Wiring: Loop Power Provided by FT3
Bring the 4-20mA wiring in through the right-hand conduit hub. Connect the 4-20mA wiring to terminal blocks TS2 and TS4 as shown in the diagram below.

CAUTION! When using the 4-20mA output to control equipment in a failsafe application, see the wiring configuration on p. 20.

Fig. 3.5: 4-20mA Output Wiring for Loop Power Provided by FT3

NOTE! This wiring option is only available with the isolated 24V output power option.

CAUTION! Do not exceed 42mA total load (ie including 4-20mA outputs).

NOTE!
The load resistor on the Fox Thermal Flow Meter 4-20mA signal is typically 250 ohms and is located in or at the customers PLC or DCS. A 250 ohm resistor in the 4-20mA line will result in a 1 to 5VDC signal to the PLC or DCS. Some PLC/DCS equipment has the load resistor built in to the unit; please refer to the PLC/DCS technical manual. Do not exceed a 600 ohm load on the Fox Thermal Flow Meter 4-20mA signal.
Setting Up the NE-43 Alarms
The FT3 flow meter supports the NAMUR specification NE-43 for alarms on the 4-20 mA output. See p. 31 for the 4-20mA output NAMUR operation.

CAUTION! Configure the FT3 with the following setup when using the 4-20mA output to control equipment in a failsafe application.

4-20mA Failsafe Wiring: NAMUR NE-43
When the 4-20mA output is used to control equipment in failsafe applications:
- Wire the 4-20mA output in series with the Alarm output as shown in Fig. 3.6
- Configure the Pulse/Alarm output to Alarm and select System Alarm as shown in the "Alarm Output" on page 34.

The System Alarm output is designed to allow current to flow during normal operation and interrupts current when power to the meter is lost or in a System Alarm condition.

In the 4-20mA Failsafe Wiring configuration of Fig. 3.6, the 4-20mA signal goes to 0mA if power to the FT3 is lost or a System Alarm occurs.

Fig. 3.6: 4-20mA Failsafe Wiring and Range of 4-20mA Output for NAMUR Alarm
**Frequency/Alarm Output Wiring**

Bring frequency/alarm wiring in through the right-hand conduit hub. Connect to TS2, 5(+) & 6(-). The frequency/alarm output is an open collector circuit capable of sinking a maximum of 20mA of current. Frequency or Alarm selection is programmed using the display. Only one option, frequency or alarm, can be active at a time.

*Fig. 3.7: Frequency/Alarm Output Isolated (Recommended)*

**NOTE!**
The FT3 Frequency/Alarm output is typically used to drive digital circuitry or solid-state relays. The output of a solid state relay may, in turn, operate loads such as electromechanical relays or alarm indicators.
Fig. 3.8: Frequency/Alarm Output Local +24V Power Option

CAUTION!
Do not exceed 42 mA total load on the 24V Output TS4 (ie including 4-20mA outputs).
Wiring

Remote Switch Wiring
A remote switch can be used to reset the Totalizer and elapsed time, if enabled in the programming settings. There is no polarity requirement on these connections. Use TS2, 7(+) & 8(-).

When the 2 gas curve option is ordered, the switch can be used to switch between curves.

_Fig. 3.9: Remote Switch Wiring_

**NOTE!** If you have purchased RS485 Modbus or HART communications options, please refer to one of the following appropriate Fox Thermal Instructions Manuals:
- Fox Thermal FT3 RS485 Modbus Manual
- Fox Thermal FT3 HART Manual
**Remote Wiring**
Remote wiring will be the same for both insertion and inline type FT3 flow meters.

*Fig. 3.10: Remote Wiring*

Signal Wiring includes:
- 4-20mA
- pulse
- alarm output
- contact input
- remote switch
- USB
- and communications options.

Power input is 24VDC or optional 100 to 240VAC (+10%/-15%).

**NOTE! Remote wiring is only required when the Remote Electronics option is provided.**

Five wire shielded cable required. The shielded cable should be run through a separate grounded steel conduit (no other cables or wires in the conduit). If you are using your own cable, make sure that the cable length does not exceed 100 feet and has a wire resistance that does not exceed one ohm (18 AWG recommended).

**Do not connect the cable shield at the electronics enclosure end.**

Use an extension cable to connect the terminals of the remote probe enclosure to connector TS3 of the electronics enclosure as shown in Figure 3.10 and Table 3.1 (p. 25).
Wiring

Fig. 3.11: Remote Sensor Wiring

*Wire colors listed here represent the wire colors of cables supplied by Fox Thermal. Colors may vary if customer is supplying their own cable.

Table 3.1: Remote Sensor Cable Wiring

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Electronics Enclosure Terminal Numbers</th>
<th>Extension Cable Wire Color</th>
<th>Remote Enclosure Terminal Numbers</th>
<th>Sensor Wire Color</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Black</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Brown</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Connection</td>
<td>Shield</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Green</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>White</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Start Up Sequence
The program automatically enters the Run/Measure mode after power up. If the Local display is installed, the screen will show the software versions for the FT3 and the display module during power up. Programming of the flow meter can also be accomplished using a Windows-based PC program called FT3View™.

USB Interface
The USB interface is a standard feature which allows communication to a PC in order to monitor readings and configure settings. FT3View™, is a free application program from Fox Thermal that connects to the USB interface and allows data monitoring, configuration setting, data logging to Excel, and an option to save and recall FT3 configuration data. A serial communication manual is available for users who want to create their own PC application.

FT3 Optional Display Panel & Configuration Panel
The FT3 display is a 2 line x 16 character display with 4 mechanical and 4 IR (infrared) buttons. The IR and mechanical buttons perform the same function but the IR buttons can be used without opening the cover. The IR buttons can be calibrated (p. 53) for better operation in the field or disabled (p. 52) when the meter is used in snow or ice in order to avoid false key detection.

Fig. 4.1: FT3 Optional Display and Configuration Panel

Measurement Mode
In the measurement mode, there are four different display screens (display 1, 2, 3 and a prompt screen to enter the programming mode), two display screens are user programmable (refer to Display Setup p. 36). Scrolling through the display is accomplished by pressing the F1 or F2 key to view the next or previous screen. Pressing the F1 and F2 keys at the same time enters the Engineering Menu screens (display 10 through 26). Keys F1 and F2 are used to scroll through the different screens and key F4 in order to exit to Display #1. Pressing the F3 and F4 keys at the same time brings up the Reset Total screen (see p. 45) prompt.
**Operation**

Fig. 4.2: FT3 Display Screen Navigation

- **Display #1**: 1456.5 SCFM 123456 SCF
  - F1 key: Moves up one screen
  - F2 key: Moves down one screen

- **Display #2**: Elp = 14.6 HR 88.5° F
  - Enter "totalizer reset screen" when F3 & F4 are pressed at the same time

- **Display #3**: Alarm = None
  - Elp = 14.6 HR
  - (Fixed screen)

- **Display #4**: Set Parameter?
  - No
  - Yes

  - Enter programming screen
  - Requires password.
  - Default is 1234.
Operation

FT3 Engineering Displays
Pressing the F1 & F2 keys at the same time in the normal mode, brings up the engineering displays. These displays show internal parameters of the FT3 which are used by Fox Thermal service technicians.

Press F4 to exit. Use the F1 & F2 keys to navigate.

Fig. 4.3: FT3 Engineering Displays

Enter: Press F1 & F2 at the same time
Press F4 to return to normal mode
Data Entry using the local display module
There are 2 basic types of menu entries: one for changing value or string and one for selecting from a selection list.

To Change a Value or String:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VALUE = 0.91234</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHG OK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Press 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHG (F1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

key to change the value, 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OK (F4)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

key to accept the value.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VALUE = 0.91234</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UP DN NXT OK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Press the 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UP (F1) or DN (F2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

key to select a new digit or character, the cursor points to the selected digit. Press 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NXT (F3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

and 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OK (F4)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

key to accept the entry.

**NOTE!** If the 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UP (F1) or DN (F2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

key is held down for more than 1 second, the program will progressively select new digits at increasing speed as time increases.

To Select from a List:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FLO UNT = SCFM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NXT OK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Press 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NXT (F1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

key repeatedly until the correct selection is made and 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OK (F4)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

key to accept the entry.

Entering the Programming Mode
To enter the programming mode, press the F1 or F2 key repeatedly in the normal running mode until the following screen is shown:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SET PARAMETERS ?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Press 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YES (F4)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

and the following screen will prompt the user to enter the password if it is active:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PASWD:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Press 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PASWD:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

and the following screen will prompt the user to enter the password if it is active:
Operation

Enter the correct password, then follow the instructions for changing a value as specified above. The default Level 1 password is “1234”.

If the wrong password is entered, the message “Wrong Password” will be displayed for a few seconds and then returns to the programming entry screen.

If the password is accepted, the base programming screen will be shown:

```
SET PARAMETERS
I/O FLO DSP EXIT
F1 F2 F3 F4
```

This is the base screen for the programming mode.

Press **EXIT (F4)** repeatedly until “Normal Mode” is seen briefly to exit the programming mode.

**Analog 4-20mA Output**
The following menu allows the scaling of the analog 4-20mA outputs.

From the base screen, press **I/O (F1)** and then in the next screen press **420 (F3)**.

```
SET I/O
COM I/O 420 EXIT
F1 F2 F3 F4
```

Select **CH1 (F1)** to program channel 1.

```
SET 4-20 mA
CH1 CH2 EXIT
F1 F2 F3 F4
```

Enter the value for the 20mA and press **OK (F4)** key to accept the setting.

**NOTE!** When the flow rate exceeds the programmed value for the 20mA set point, the analog output will stay at 20mA and an alarm code will be generated.
Operation

Then the following screen will display:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>4 mA = 0 SCFM</th>
<th>OK</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHG</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Enter the value for the 4mA and press **OK (F4)**.

**NOTE!** 4mA is normally set to 0.

The following menu item allows the user to select an alarm level on the 4-20mA output when a serious issue is detected that is preventing the calculation of a correct flow value.

The options are:
- Force the 4-20mA signal to 3.6mA
- Force the 4-20mA signal to 21mA
- Do not force 4-20mA signal (not used)

**CAUTION!** When using the 4-20mA output to control equipment in a failsafe application, use the wiring configuration on p. 20 and set the Pulse/Alarm Output to System alarm as shown in "Alarm Output" on page 34.

After setting the 4mA output value, choose the mA fault value:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>mA Fault = 3.6 mA</th>
<th>OK</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NXT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following events will set the output to 3.6mA or 21mA if the alarm level is selected:
- Sensor resistance above high limit
- Bridge Shutdown

When the 4-20mA output is wired through the System Alarm, the following cause the output to go to 0 mA:
- Power to the Microprocessor is lost
- Sensor or electronics failure

*Fig. 4.4: Range of 4-20mA Output and NAMUR Alarm*
Operation

Press **(F4)** repeatedly until “Normal Mode” is seen briefly to exit the programming mode.

Select CH2 **(F2)** to program channel 2.
Channel 2 is programmable for flow (CH2=Flow) or temperature (CH2=Temp).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CH2= Temp</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NXT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Press **NXT (F1)** to select Flow or Temperature and then press **OK (F4)**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>20 mA = 300 °F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHG</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Enter the value for the 20mA and press **OK (F4)** key to accept setting.

Then the following screen will show:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>4 mA = 10 °F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHG</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Enter the value for the 4mA and press **OK (F4)**.

Press **EXIT (F4)** repeatedly until “Normal Mode” is seen briefly to exit the programming mode.

**Frequency Output**
From the main menu, press **I/O (F1), I/O (F2)** and then **OUT (F2)**

|  
|----------------|
| SET I/O EXIT   |

Press **OUT (F2)** to select output and the following screen may show:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OUT = Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NXT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Press **NEXT (F1)** to cycle through output options until you have the selection for "OUT=Frequency" and press **OK (F4)**.
The frequency output can be configured in one of three ways:
(1) specifying a maximum frequency to a defined maximum value of flow rate, (2) specifying how many flow units total per pulse, U/P (i.e., 0.1 SCF per pulse) or (3) specifying how many pulses per unit, P/U (i.e., 10 pulses per SCF). All of these approaches are equivalent.

Use **P/U (F1)** to enter pulse per unit, **U/P (F2)** for Unit per pulse or **FEQ (F3)** to enter the flow and maximum frequency to scale the frequency output.

**NOTE!** When data is entered with any of the three described methods, the other values will be re-calculated according to the settings.

**Entering data in Pulse per Unit:**
Press **P/U (F1)** and the following screen will show:

```
PLS/UNT = 1.2
  CHG  OK
```

Press **CHG (F1)** to change the setting and then **OK (F4)** to accept entry. The value entered is in pulse per selected flow unit total (i.e., 10 pulses per SCF)

**Entering data in Unit per Pulse:**
Press **U/P (F2)** and the following screen will show:

```
UNT/PLS = 0.01
  CHG  OK
```

Press **CHG (F1)** to change the setting and then **OK (F4)** to accept entry. The value entered is in unit per pulse (i.e. 0.01 flow unit total per pulse)

**Entering data with flow and maximum frequency:**
Press **FEQ (F3)** and the following screen will show:

```
MaxFreq=98.5  Hz
  CHG  OK
```

Enter the maximum pulse rate (frequency) and press **OK (F4)**.
Operation

CAUTION! Maximum pulse rate (frequency) cannot exceed 100 Hz.

The next screen will show:

MaxFlo=4999.8 SCFM
CHG                  OK
F1  F2  F3  F4

NOTE! If the flow rate exceeds the maximum pulse rate (frequency), the output will stay at 100 Hz and the FT3 will issue an alarm code.

Alarm Output
To program the Alarm output, press I/O (F1) key from the "SET PARAMETERS" menu screen, then select I/O (F2) and the screen will show:

SET       I/O
INP       OUT
F1  F2  F3  F4

Then press OUT (F2) and the screen may show:

OUT = HiFloAlm
NXT                  OK
F1  F2  F3  F4

Then press NXT (F1) to select the correct alarm and press OK (F4).

Selections are:
- HiFloAlm = High Flow Alarm
- LoFloAlm = Low Flow Alarm
- HiTempAlm = High Temperature Alarm
- LoTempAlm = Low Temperature Alarm
- System Alm = System Alarm
- Not used
- Frequency

HiFloAlm=500 SCFM
CHG                  OK
F1  F2  F3  F4

Enter the value for the limit by pressing CHG (F1) and then OK (F4).
Operation

NOTE! There is only one output to operate as a frequency output or an alarm output. Both cannot operate at the same time.

For Contact Input Settings:
From the main menu, press I/O (F1), then I/O (F2), then INP (F1) to select input. The following will display:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INP = Not Used</th>
<th>OK</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NXT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F1</td>
<td>F2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Press NXT (F1) repeatedly until the correct selection is shown and then press OK (F4) to accept the setting.

Selections are:
- Not used
- Tot Reset = Reset the totalizer
- Switch Crv = Switch between calibration curve 1 and curve 2 (only if 2 gas curve ordered)

Press EXIT (F4) repeatedly until you exit programming mode.

Serial Communication Settings
To program the Serial communication settings, press I/O (F1) key from the base menu.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SET</th>
<th>I/O</th>
<th>420</th>
<th>EXIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COM</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F1</td>
<td>F2</td>
<td>F3</td>
<td>F4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Press COM (F1) to select Serial communication:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Comm=Modbus</th>
<th>OK</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NXT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F1</td>
<td>F2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Options for serial communication are:
- Not Used
- HART
- Modbus

NOTE! Any selection other than "Not Used" requires the communication option for the selected communication type. If enabling a communication option, see the associated Fox Thermal Communication Manual for specific programming information: FT3 Modbus Manual or FT3 HART Manual.

NOTE! Power cycle is required for the new settings to take effect.
Display Setup
There are four display screens that you can cycle through in normal operating mode (see Figure 4.2 on p. 27). Two of the four display screens are fixed and cannot be changed (displays #3 & 4). The other two screens are programmable to show the information that you prefer and are discussed in this section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display #1</th>
<th>Display #2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DSP1L1</td>
<td>DSP2L1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP1L2</td>
<td>DSP2L2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Selections are:
- DSP1L1: Display 1, Line 1
- DSP1L2: Display 1, Line 2
- DSP2L1: Display 2, Line 1
- DSP2L2: Display 2, Line 2

To Program Display Screens #1 & 2:
From the base programming menu press DSP (F3) to select the display menu:

```
SET PARAMETERS
I/O  FLO  DSP  EXIT
F1  F2  F3  F4

DISPLAY/PASSWORD
DSP  IR  PSW  EXIT
F1  F2  F3  F4
```

Press DSP (F1) key. The display will show:

```
DSP1L1 = Total
NXT                              OK
F1  F2  F3  F4
```

These are the selections for the display #1 line #1.

Selections are:
- Flo rate
- Total
- Elps
- Temp
- Alarm
- Flow rate
- Total mass
- Elapsed time
- Temperature
- Error codes
When the selection is correct, press **OK (F4)** to accept. The display will then go through the same process for all 4 lines of the 2 programmable displays (DSP1L1, DSP1L2, DSP2L1 and DSP2L2).

After the last line of display 2 is accepted, the display will show the following menu:

```
ALTERNATE = Off
NXT          OK
F1  F2  F3  F4
```

This menu allows you to alternate between menu display 1 and 2 every few seconds. Selections are: On or Off

Press **OK (F4)** to accept selection.

Press **EXIT (F4)** repeatedly until “Normal Mode” is seen briefly to exit the programming mode.

**Password**

There are two user level passwords, only Level 1 is programmable and gives access to all the normal settings. The second password is used to allow access to calibration factors and should normally never be changed unless advised by the Fox Thermal service department, or to set a new password in the event that the user forgets the Level 1 password.

Default Level 1 password is “1234”, and Level 2 password is “9111”.

The Level 1 programmable password can be disabled by setting it to “0”.

From the base programming menu press **DSP (F3)** to select the display menu:

```
SET PARAMETERS
I/O  FLO  DSP  EXIT
F1  F2  F3  F4

DISPLAY/PASSWORD
DSP  IR  PSW  EXIT
F1  F2  F3  F4
```
To Program the Password:
Press PSW (F2) key to select password.

This screen displays the current Level 1 password. Press CHG (F1) key to change the password and enter new value (see p. 29 for further details).

Press OK (F4) to accept new data and exit programming by pressing EXIT (F4) key repeatedly until out of the programming mode.

NOTE! Password can be number or letter characters up to 4 digits.

Units Settings
This menu is used to set the units for mass flow, temperature, pressure reference and the settings of reference temperature, reference pressure and density of gas when using Lbs/time or Kg/time.

These values will be set at Fox Thermal, using the Application Data Sheet values. If the customer changes the application, these values can be changed to match the new application. Check with Fox Thermal customer service before changing the application gas.

The unit setting is accessed from the base programming menu by pressing FLO (F2):

Press UNT (F2) for Unit selection:
Operation

Press **NXT (F1)** to change selection and **OK (F4)** to accept.
Selections for Flow unit are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SCFM</th>
<th>LBS/H</th>
<th>SFPM</th>
<th>MT/H</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SCFH</td>
<td>LBS/M</td>
<td>MMSCFD (MMCFD)</td>
<td>NM3/D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM3/H</td>
<td>LBS/S</td>
<td>LBS/D</td>
<td>MMSCFM (MMCFM)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM3/M</td>
<td>NLPH</td>
<td>SLPM</td>
<td>SCFD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KG/H</td>
<td>NLPM</td>
<td>NLPS</td>
<td>MCFD (MSCFD)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KG/M</td>
<td>SMPS</td>
<td>MSCFD (MCFD)</td>
<td>SM3/M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KG/S</td>
<td>NMPS</td>
<td>SM3/H</td>
<td>SM3/D</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE!** The totalizer must be reset immediately after changing the flow units setting.

**NOTE!** The totalizer (total flow measured) will roll over when reaching a certain value. The maximum value is dependent on the flow units selected. For maximum total rollover values, please see "" on page 45.

**WARNING!** The FT3 re-calculates area, 4 and 20mA values, maximum flow for the frequency output and zero flow cutoff when changing flow units except for velocity units. When going to or from velocity units, the FT3 will not recalculate these values and these values must be re-entered manually.

**Temperature Unit**
After pressing **OK (F4)** to accept the Flow unit the display will prompt for the temperature unit setting:

```
TMP UNT= Deg F
NXT OK
```

Press **NXT (F1)** to change selection and **OK (F4)** to accept.
Selections for Temperature unit are:
- Deg C
- Deg F
Operation

Reference Temperature
After pressing OK (F4) to accept the temperature unit setting, the display will prompt for temperature reference in selected unit.

TempRef= 60°F
CHG OK

Press CHG (F1) to change the reference and OK (F4) to accept.

Pressure Unit
After pressing OK (F4) to accept the reference temperature, the display will prompt for the pressure unit selection:

PRES UNT= Psia
NXT OK

Press NXT (F1) to select next entry and OK (F4) to accept.
Selections are:
• mmHG Millimeters of mercury
• Psia Pounds per square inch atmosphere
• bara Bar atmosphere

Reference Pressure
After the pressure unit selection is made, the display will show a menu to enter the pressure reference:

PresRef= 14.7
CHG OK

Gas Density
Press CHG (F1) to change it and OK (F4) to accept. After the pressure reference is accepted, the display will prompt for the gas density if LBS or KG was selected for flow unit:

DNS = 0.988876 KG/m3
CHG OK

Press CHG (F1) to change and OK (F4) to accept.
NOTE! The density entry is only used when KG/time or LBS/time is selected for flow rate units.

Density conditions are referenced to 0 C° at 760 mmHg.

Flow Parameters
This is the menu used to set various flow parameter values. They are:
Flow cutoff, pipe area, filter, high and low alarm for flow and temperature.

The menu is accessed from the base programming menu by pressing FLO (F2):

Then press PRM (F3). The screen will show:

NOTE! The CAL and SPC function key will only appear and be accessible from a Level 2 password.

Flow Cutoff
Then press PRM (F3) for flow cutoff:

When the flow rate falls below the zero flow cutoff, the flow meter will display a flow value of zero. Enter the value for the percent low flow cutoff and then press OK (F4).
Operation

Pipe Area
Enter the pipe area in square meters or square feet and then press OK (F4). Use square meter for metric flow unit selection and square feet for English flow unit selection.

\[ A^2 = 0.05672 \text{ Ft}^2 \]

Filter Value
The filter value is next.

\[ \text{FILTER} = 0.8 \]

The filter value is also referred to as a dampening factor and is used to quiet the readings. The filter value is an exponential filter that dampens the noise and is used as follows:

\[ \text{Flow Value} = (F_A \times \text{new value}) + (F_B \times \text{average}) \]

Where \( F_A = \) filter value, \( F_A + F_B \) is equal to 1.0.

A lower filter value will increase dampening of the flow rate and smooth the reading. A lower filter value will also slow the meter’s response. For example, if we enter a filter of 0.8, the weight ratio for new average is:

\[ \text{New average} = (80\% \text{ new sample}) + (20\% \text{ last average}) \]

Filter range is 0.01 to 1.0, 0.01 being a high filter value and 1.0 = no filter.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Filter</th>
<th>Response (Sec.) 65% of Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.09</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>0.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.03</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>10.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Enter the filter value and then press OK (F4).
High Flow Alarm

This is the upper flow limit alarm value that can be associated with a Contact output. An alarm code is generated when the flow value exceeds this limit. If no checking is needed, this value should be set to zero.

Press OK (F4) to accept the value.

Low Flow Alarm

This is the lower flow limit alarm value that can be associated with a Contact output. An alarm code is generated when the flow value is below this limit. If no checking is needed, this value should be set to zero.

Press OK (F4) to accept the value.

High Temperature Alarm

This is the upper temperature limit alarm value that can be associated with a Contact output. An alarm code is generated when the temperature value exceeds this limit. If no checking is needed, this value should be set to zero.

Press OK (F4) to accept the value.

Low Temperature Alarm

This is the lower temperature limit alarm value that can be associated with a Contact output. An alarm code is generated when the temperature value is below this limit. If no checking is needed, this value should be set to zero.

Press OK (F4) to accept the value.

NOTE! If the programming menu was entered with a Level 2 password, then more menus will be shown that deal with factory set parameters that should not be changed.
Calibration Parameters
This menu allows changing the factory calibrated setting of the flow meter and is accessible with a Level 2 password. Calibration parameter values are set for temperature and pressure at 0 degree C and 760 mmHg. These settings should normally never be changed except by Fox Thermal personnel at the factory.

This menu is entered from the base menu and pressing FLO, PRM and CAL.

Press CAL (F1) then the display will show:

Press TB1 (F1) then the display will show:

Press NXT (F3) then the display will show:

Use the CHG (F1) key to change the entry, PRV (F2) to move to the previous entry, NXT (F3) to move to the next entry and EXIT (F4) to return.

Pressing the NXT (F3) key will show the data point voltage and then mass velocity and then go to the next data point. The number after Volt (i.e., Volt1) or Flo (i.e., Flo1) indicated the data point number.

The calibration table can hold up to 20 data pair points. Each data point has a voltage and mass velocity associated with it.
Operation

Reset Total and Elapsed Time
The resetting of the totalizer and elapsed time is accomplished by pressing the F3 and F4 keys at the same time in the normal running mode.

Press YES (F4) to reset total and NO (F1) to cancel.

NOTE! This feature is not available on non-resettable units.

NOTE! A power failure or resetting the total will cause the Contract Time to change. Data Logger with a Real Time Clock (RTC) option should be used to avoid this.

Totalizer Rollover
The FT3 has an automatic roll-over function. The total flow count of the FT2A will roll over after the following values:
- Most flow units: 99,999,999,999
- MSCFD: 999,999,999
- MMSCFM: 9,999,999
- MMSCFD: 999,999

K Factor and Restore Database
Restoring the original factory settings is accomplished from the “Flow Parameter 2” menu by entering a Level 2 password “9111” and pressing the SPC key (F2).

Press YES (F1) ONLY if you want to restore your database to the initial factory setting that the meter was shipped with. All current user-entered settings will be overwritten.

The green LP1 LED will flash at a faster pace until the recall is performed. The "RESET CRC" screen will follow "RESTORE DATABASE".
Reset CRC
If the NVRAM CRC check fails (Error Code 36), the programmed settings values will need to be verified and corrected before clearing the error. Call Fox Thermal Customer Service if you need assistance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RESET CRC?</th>
<th>NO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F1</td>
<td>F2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Press **YES (F1)** ONLY if you want to reset the CRC and generate a new CRC value.

Simulation
This menu allows for the simulation of flow rate, temperature and flow input voltage. It should only be used for testing and demonstration purposes.

**Make sure to return all of these simulation values to zero, before returning to the normal mode of operation.**

*NOTE!* Simulated values are only enabled when not set to zero.

*CAUTION!* If the 4-20mA and/or the pulse outputs are connected to controllers, set the controllers to “manual”. This will ensure that the simulated signals do not cause false controller action.

The menu is accessible from the main programming menu by pressing **FLO**, and **DGN (F1)**:

FLOW PARAMETER 1
DGN  UNT  PRM  EXIT

Pressing **DGN (F1)** will show:

DIAGNOSTIC
SIM  TST  EXIT

Pressing **SIM (F1)** will show:

FloSim = 0 SCFM
CHG     OK

F1  F2  F3  F4
Operation

Enter the value and then press **OK (F4)**.

**NOTE!** Enter zero to disable this feature.

![TempSim = 0 C](image)

CHG  OK

F1  F2  F3  F4

Enter the value and then press **OK (F4)**.

**NOTE!** Enter zero to disable this feature.

![CsvSim = 0 V](image)

CHG  OK

F1  F2  F3  F4

Enter the value and then press **OK (F4)**.

**NOTE!** This value is used to simulate the Current Sense Voltage (CSV) and should be set to zero for normal mode.

![ENABLE SIM?](image)

CHG  OK

F1  F2  F3  F4

Press **YES (F1)** to start the simulation mode, otherwise press **NO (F4)**. Upon pressing either key, the program will return to the FLOW PARAMETER 1 menu.

**NOTE!** Simulation Mode will be cleared if the power is cycled.
CAL-V™ - Calibration Validation Test 1
This menu allows the user to confirm the calibration of the FT3 by verifying the functionality of the sensor and sensor signal processing circuitry. During the CAL-V™ calibration validation test, the microprocessor adjusts current to the sensor elements and determines the resulting electrical characteristics. These site characteristics are compared with the data that was collected at the factory during the original meter calibration. Matching data within established tolerances confirms the meter is accurate. This test can be performed under no flow or normal flow conditions. The test takes up to four minutes to complete. At the conclusion of the test, a Pass or Fail message will be displayed. Press F4 at the conclusion of the test to return to normal measuring mode or to terminate the test.

Press FLO (F2) from the main menu. The display will show:

```
F1 F2 F3 F4
```

Press DGN (F1). The display will show:

```
F1 F2 F3 F4
```

Press TST (F2). The display will show:

```
F1 F2 F3 F4
```

Press CALV (F1) to perform the CAL-V™ verification test.

**NOTE!** The FT3 will stop measuring flow when performing this test. Press EXIT (F4) to exit if you do not wish to continue.
Operation

To select what the flow output will do during a CAL-V™, choose from these options:
  • Go To Zero: Flow output will be zero during the test (i.e. 4mA)
  • Hold Value: Flow will hold last value during the test

Select the option and press **OK (F4)**.

![Take Control](Image)

**WARNING!** If you are using a closed loop control, the system must be taken off-line during the test.

Press **OK (F4)** to start CAL-V™. CAL-V™ test screen:

![Verifying CAL-V](Image)

This test will take up to 4 minutes (less time if there is flow) and will show the Cal value changing as the power to the sensor is adjusted. The T=xxx is a count down timer indicating how much time is left to finish the test. A “Please Wait” message will be flashing on and off on line 2 during this test.

Upon test completion, the final CAL-V™ value will be displayed along with a Pass/Fail message.

![CAL-V = 0.51](Image)

**CAUTION!**
- The CAL-V™ test is valid for checking the calibration accuracy of flow meters installed in the applications for which it was calibrated including the gas/gas mixture, calibration range and pipe size shown on the calibration certificate.
- For applications with temperature exceeding 250°F (121°C), CAL-V™ test results may vary.
- Periodic inspection for damage and cleaning of the sensor elements is required.
Zero CAL-CHECK® - Calibration Validation Test 2

The Zero CAL-CHECK® test is a companion test to CAL-V™. Unlike CAL-V™, which may be performed in the pipe and at process conditions, Zero CAL-CHECK® must be performed at zero flow to ensure a valid test result. This test is used to confirm that the flow meter still retains its original NIST-traceable calibration at zero flow and that the sensor is free of film or residue that may affect readings. The test takes less than 5 minutes to complete. At the conclusion of the test, a Pass or Fail message will be displayed. Press F4 at the conclusion of the test to return to normal measuring mode or to terminate the test. See Calibration Validation User's Guide for more details.

Press FLO (F2) from the main menu. The display will show:

```
F1 F2 F3 F4
FLOW PARAMETER 1
DGN UNT PRM EXIT
```

Press DGN (F1). The display will show:

```
F1 F2 F3 F4
DIAGNOSTIC
SIM TST EXIT
```

Press TST (F2). The display will show:

```
F1 F2 F3 F4
DIAGNOSTIC
CALV ZRO EXIT
```

Press ZRO (F2) to enter the Zero CAL-CHECK® menu.

If performing the test in the pipe, a "no flow" condition must be met. If performing out of the pipe, the meter must be removed and the sensor protected by the PVC sensor cover originally shipped with the meter from the factory.

NOTE!

- The field baseline for a Zero CAL-CHECK® test performed in the pipe ("ZERO PIPE TEST") must be set before performing the test.
- See the Fox Thermal Calibration Validation User's Guide for details on performing all diagnostic tests.
- Please use the PVC sensor cover that was shipped with your meter perform Zero CAL-CHECK® tests out of pipe ("ZERO BTL TEST").
Operation

Press **PIP (F1)** to choose to perform the test in the pipe. Press **BTL (F2)** to choose to perform the test out of the pipe.

The display will show:

```
F1  F2  F3  F4
OR
F1  F2  F3  F4
```

Press **VER (F1)** key to verify the Zero CAL-CHECK®.

```
F1  F2  F3  F4
```

Press **YES (F1)** key to verify the Zero CAL-CHECK®.

**WARNING!** If you are doing a "Pipe" test, you must verify that there is a no flow condition before proceeding. If you are performing the test in a bottle, be sure to isolate the sensor in a bottle - any air movement (even from a fan) can result in a false "fail" result.

Once process is stable, press **YES (F4)** key to begin the Zero CAL-CHECK®.

```
Process Zero and Stable
YES
```

**NOTE!**
- Refer to the Fox Thermal FT3 Calibration Validation User’s Guide for information on setting the field baseline for Zero CAL-CHECK® tests if you plan to perform these tests in the pipe.
- Please save the PVC sensor cover that was shipped with your meter. It will be needed to perform Zero CAL-CHECK® tests out of pipe.
Operation

This test will take less than 5 minutes. The T=xx is a count down timer indicating how much time is left to finish the test.

Upon test completion, the final percentage value will be displayed along with a Pass/Fail message.

Enabling/Disabling the Infrared Keypad (IR Buttons)
The IR buttons may be disabled from the menu to avoid being triggered by frost or snow on the window. This menu is accessed by pressing DSP (F3) from the main menu then IR (F2):

Press NXT (F1) key to enable or disable the IR buttons.

NOTE! After selecting “Disable” and pressing OK (F4), the IR buttons will no longer operate. It will be necessary from now on to open the cover and operate the configuration panel using the mechanical push buttons. To return to the normal display mode, use mechanical buttons or wait for the programming mode timeout.
Calibrating the Infrared Keypad (IR Buttons)
The IR buttons are calibrated in the factory before shipment, but conditions in the field may alter the way the buttons read. To allow the IR buttons to perform better, it may be necessary to calibrate the keys in the field.

Use your finger to activate the IR buttons using this process:

**NOTE!** Your finger must activate each button approximately 0.1” to .5” from the surface of the glass.

Press the (F1) button until the display shows ‘SET PARAMETER?’ Then use YES (F4).

Use buttons (F1) (F2) and (F3) to enter "1111" (up/down and next).

Use buttons (F1) (F2) and (F3) to enter "0000" then press OK (F4).

Turn OFF power to the FT3.

Turn ON power to the FT3 while placing your finger on the (F1) IR key.
Operation

Fig. 4.5: FT3 Menu Tree - Main Menu

Enter menu by scrolling to display 4 and entering the password

Set Parameters
I/O FLO DSP EXIT

Set I/O
COM I/O 420 EXIT

Set I/O
INP OUT EXIT

Set 4-20 mA
CH1 CH2 EXIT

Select either flow or temperature for channel 2

Analog Outputs:

CH2=Temp
NXT OK

Temp or Flow

Level 2

20 mA=374B CHG OK
4 mA=274 CHG OK
20 mA=300 °F CHG OK
4 mA=0 °F CHG OK

Level 2

20 mA=2345.6 SCFM CHG OK
4 mA=0 SCFM CHG OK

Refer to associated Communication Manual

Digital Output Menu, p. 55

Display Menu, p. 58
Flow Parameters 1 Menu, p. 56
Fig. 4.6: FT3 Menu Tree - Digital Output
Operation

Fig. 4.7: FT3 Menu Tree - Parameter Menu 1

Note: simulation value needs to be greater than zero to be taken (i.e. 0.0001 for a value close to zero)

Diagnostic Test Menu, p. 59
Operation

Fig. 4.8: FT3 Menu Tree - Parameter Menu 2

- **Flow Parameter 2**
  - **CAL**
  - **SPC**
  - **PRM**
  - **EXIT**

- **Sensor voltage for point #1**
  - **Volt1 = 0.2479**
    - **CHG**
    - **PRV**
    - **NXT**
    - **EXIT**

- **Flow in Meter/hour for point #1**
  - **Flo1 = 0.0**
    - **CHG**
    - **PRV**
    - **NXT**
    - **EXIT**

- **Sensor voltage for point #20**
  - **Volt20 = 1.2479**
    - **CHG**
    - **PRV**
    - **NXT**
    - **EXIT**

- **Flow in Meter/hour for point #20**
  - **Flo20 = 7046.5**
    - **CHG**
    - **PRV**
    - **NXT**
    - **EXIT**

- **K factor = 0%**
  - **CHG**
  - **OK**

- **Restore Database?**
  - **YES**
  - **NO**

- **Reset CRC?**
  - **YES**
  - **NO**

- **Flow cutoff in selected units**
  - **Cutoff = 12.5 SCFM**
    - **CHG**
    - **OK**

- **Pipe Area in m² or ft²**
  - **A2 = 0.0233**
    - **CHG**
    - **OK**

- **Flow Exponential Filter**
  - **Filter = 0.8**
    - **CHG**
    - **OK**

- **High Flow Alarm in selected units**
  - **HiFloAlm = 0 SCFM**
    - **CHG**
    - **OK**

- **Low Flow Alarm in selected units**
  - **LoFloAlm = 0 SCFM**
    - **CHG**
    - **OK**

- **High Temperature Alarm in selected units**
  - **HiTempAlm = 0 °F**
    - **CHG**
    - **OK**

- **Low Temperature Alarm in selected units**
  - **LoTempAlm = 0 °F**
    - **CHG**
    - **OK**

- **Cycle through up to 20 settings**
NOTE!
All readings updated every second
- Flo Rate = Flow rate of process gas
- Total = Total flow of process gas
- Elps = Elapsed time since reset of flow total
- Temp = Temperature of process gas
- Alarm = High/Low Flow Rate or Temperature Alarm
Operation

Flow Parameter 1 Menu, p. 56

Fig. 4.10: FT3 Menu Tree - Diagnostic Tests Menu
WARNING! BEFORE ATTEMPTING ANY MAINTENANCE, TAKE THE NECESSARY SAFETY PRECAUTIONS BEFORE REMOVING THE PROBE FROM THE DUCT (EXAMPLE: PURGE LINES OF TOXIC AND/OR EXPLOSIVE GAS, DEPRESSURIZE, ETC...).

WARNING! EXPLOSION HAZARD. DO NOT REMOVE OR REPLACE COMPONENTS OR FUSES UNLESS POWER HAS BEEN DISCONNECTED WHEN A FLAMMABLE OR COMBUSTIBLE ATMOSPHERE IS PRESENT.

WARNING! EXPLOSION HAZARD. DO NOT DISCONNECT EQUIPMENT WHEN A FLAMMABLE OR COMBUSTIBLE ATMOSPHERE IS PRESENT.

WARNING! TURN OFF INPUT POWER BEFORE REMOVING OR INSTALLING A CIRCUIT BOARD ASSEMBLY FROM THE ENCLOSURE.

Access to Electronics
Accessing electronics is not normally required for maintenance purposes. If a loose connection is suspected, unscrew the rear end-cap of the meter enclosure to access the terminations.

CAUTION! BE SURE POWER TO METER IS SWITCHED OFF BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO ACCESS ELECTRONICS. If there is a problem and a loose connection is not found, please contact Fox Thermal Customer Service for technical assistance at (831) 384-4300.

¡ADVERTENCIA! ANTES DE INTENTAR CUALQUIER MANTENIMIENTO, TOME LAS PRECAUCIONES DE SEGURIDAD NECESARIAS ANTES QUE RETIRAR LA SONDA DEL DUCTO (EJEMPLO: PURGUE LAS LÍNEAS DE GASES TÓXICOS Y/O EXPLOSIVOS, DESPRESURICE, ETC...).

¡ADVERTENCIA! PELIGRO DE EXPLOSIÓN. NO RETIRE O REEMPLACE COMPONENTES O FUSIBLES A MENOS QUE LA ENERGÍA HAYA SIDO DESCONECTADA SIEMPRE QUE ESTÉ PRESENTE UNA ATMÓSFERA INFLAMABLE O COMBUSTIBLE.

¡ADVERTENCIA! PELIGRO DE EXPLOSIÓN. NO DESCONECTE NINGÚN EQUIPO CUANDO UNA ATMÓSFERA INFLAMABLE O COMBUSTIBLE ESTÉ PRESENTE PRONTO.

¡ADVERTENCIA! DESCONECTE LA ENERGÍA DE ALIMENTACIÓN ANTES DE REMOVER O INSTALAR UN ENSAMBLE DE TARJETA DE CIRCUITO DEL GABINETE.

Acceso a la Electrónica
Normalmente no se requiere tener acceso a la electrónica para propósitos de mantenimiento. Si se sospecha de una conexión suelta, desatornille la tapa posterior de la caja del medidor para tener acceso a las terminales.

PRECAUCIÓN: ASEGÚRESE QUE LA ALIMENTACIÓN DEL MEDIDOR ESTÉ DESCONECTADA ANTES DE INTENTAR EL ACCESO A LA ELECTRÓNICA. Si existe algún problema y no se encuentra ninguna conexión suelta, por favor póngase en contacto con el Servicio al Cliente de Fox Thermal para asistencia técnica al número (831) 384-4300.
Maintenance

Précautions

AVERTISSEMENT ! AVANT TOUTE TENTATIVE DE MAINTENANCE, OBSERVER LES CONSIGNES DE SECURITE NECESSAIRES AVANT DE RETIRER LA SONDE DE LA CONDUITE (PAR EXEMPLE, PURGER LES LIGNES DES GAZ EXPLOSIFS/TOXIQUES QU’ELLES PORTRAIENT CONTENIR, DEPRESSURISER LE CONTENEUR, ETC.).

AVERTISSEMENT ! RISQUE D’EXPLOSION. NE PAS RETIRER NI REMPLACER DES COMPOSANTS OU DES FUSIBLES SI LA SOURCE D’ALIMENTATION N’A PAS ETE DEBRANCHEE DANS UNE ATMOSPHERE INFLAMMABLE OU COMBUSTIBLE.

AVERTISSEMENT ! RISQUE D’EXPLOSION. NE PAS DEBRANCHER UN EQUIPEMENT DANS UNE AMBIANCE COMBUSTIBLE OU INFLAMMABLE.

AVERTISSEMENT ! COUPER L’ALIMENTATION AVANT DE RETIRER OU D’INSTALLER UN ENSEMBLE DE CARTE DE CIRCUITS IMPRIMES DU BOITIER.

Accès aux composants électroniques

L’accès aux composants électroniques n’est généralement pas nécessaire dans le cadre de la maintenance. Si une connexion lâche est suspectée, dévisser le capuchon d’extrémité arrière du boîtier du compteur pour accéder aux terminaisons.

ATTENTION : S’ASSURER QUE L’ALIMENTATION DU COMPTEUR EST COUPEE AVANT D’ACCéR AUX COMPOSANTS ELECTRONIQUES. En cas de problème et qu’aucune connexion lâche n’est détectée, veuillez contacter le service client de Fox Thermal pour obtenir une assistance technique au (831) 384-4300.

Vorsichtsmaßnahmen

ACHTUNG! BITTE ERGRIEFEN SIE DIE ERFORDERLICHEN SICHERHEITSMAßNABEN, BEVOR SIE IRGENDWELCHE WARTUNGSARBEITEN DURCHFÜHREN UND DIE MESSSONDE AUS DEM ROHR ENTFERNEN (BEISPIEL: LEITUNGEN ZUR ENTFERNUNG VON GIFTIGEN UND/ODER EXPLOSIVEN GASEN REINIGEN, DRUCK SENKEN, USW.).

ACHTUNG! EXPLOSIONSGEFahr. KOMPONENTEN ODER SICHERUNGEN BITTE ERST DANN ENTFERNEN ODER AUSTAUSCHEN, WENN DER STROM GETRENNT WURDE, FALLS EINE ENTZündLICHE ODER BRENNBARE ATMOSPHERE VORHANDEN IST.

ACHTUNG! EXPLOSIONSGEFahr. GERÄT NICHT VOM STROM TRENnen, WENN EINE ENTZündLICHE ODER BRENNBARE ATMOSPHERE VORHANDEN IST.

ACHTUNG! EINGANGSLICHTUNG AUSSCHALten, BEVOR LEITERPLATTENBAUGRUPPEN AUS DEM GEHäUSE AUSGEBAUT ODER IN DIESES EINGEBAUT WERDEN.

Zugriff auf die Elektronik

Der Zugriff auf die Elektronik ist zu Wartungszwecken normalerweise nicht erforderlich. Falls eine lose Verbindung vermutet wird, schrauben Sie die hintere Endkappe des Messgerätgehäuses ab, um auf die Anschlüsse zugreifen zu können.

VORSICHT: STELLEN SIE SICHER, DASS DER STROM AN DAS MESSGERÄT AUSGESCHALTET IST, BEVOR SIE VERSUCHEN, AUF DIE ELEKTRONIK ZUZUGREIFEN. Falls Probleme auftreten und keine lose Verbindung gefunden werden kann, wenden Sie sich bitte zwecks technischer Unterstützung an den Fox Thermal-Kundendienst unter der Nummer (831) 384-4300.
Maintenance

**Broken or Damaged Probe**
If the sensor is broken or damaged, the probe and electronics must be returned to the factory. A new sensor will be installed and calibrated. Refer to “Returning Your Meter” on p. 88.

**Flow Calibration and Calibration Validation**
To ensure continued high accuracy of your Model FT3 Flow Meter, Fox Thermal provides a full NIST-traceable calibration. The Model FT3 also features on-board calibration validation diagnostics called CAL-V™ and Zero CAL-CHECK®. If the CAL-V™ and Zero CAL-CHECK® tests pass, the sensor is measuring accurately and the meter does not require recalibration. However, if your quality or metrology systems require periodic recalibration in an NIST-traceable lab, it is recommended that the meter be returned to Fox Thermal for evaluation and calibration after every two years of operation.

**Fuse Replacement**
Verify the fuse is defective by measuring it with an Ohm Meter (Two replacement fuses are provided with each unit). The fuse F1 is located near the power terminal block and can be removed by using tweezers or needle-nose pliers. Replacement fuse is Littelfuse part number 0454.750MR.

**WARNING!**
- Turn input power OFF before removing or installing a fuse. Use only recommended fuse replacements.
- It is the user’s responsibility to install the flow meter in an appropriately designed system with adequate safety protections.
- DO NOT remove the flow instrument from the flow body while the system is under flow conditions.
- This product may experience temperatures from as low as -40F (-40C) and as high as 649F (343C). It is the user’s responsibility to take safety precautions regarding operating temperature of the flow meter.
- If large flow body has been purchased, user is advised to use a double sling to prevent rotation of flow body during installation or other method to prevent damage of flow instrument.

**Sensor Wiring**

**NOTE!** Sensor terminations are performed at the factory except when the Remote Electronics option is used or ordered.

**Sensor Cleaning**
The sensor is insensitive to small amounts of residue, but continued use in dirty environments will necessitate periodic cleaning. To inspect the sensor, remove power from electronics and remove the unit from the pipe or duct, exposing the sensor elements. If they are visibly dirty, clean them with water or alcohol (ethanol) using an appropriate brush until they appear clean again. Even though the sensor elements are rugged, avoid touching them with any solid object and use a light touch while cleaning them.
## Troubleshooting

**CAUTION!** The electronics, sensor and sensor interconnect wires supplied by Fox Thermal are calibrated as a single precision mass flow meter. Interchanging sensors or sensor wiring will impair the accuracy of the flow meter.

If you experience any problem with your Model FT3 Flow meter, call Fox Thermal Customer Service Department, Technical Assistance at (831) 384-4300.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Display-Main Bd Comm. Error</td>
<td>Display and main board not communicating</td>
<td>Check status of LP1 on the Main Board and LP6 on the display board. Are green LEDs blinking once per second? If LEDs are not blinking, cycle power to reset meter. Call Fox Thermal Tech Support.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Meter does not read up to full scale | Calibration table may be corrupted      | • Check the calibration table for a corrupted location.  
• Enter the password 9111.  
• Start on p. 41 of the FT3 manual and follow the steps to get to Flow Parameters 2 menu screen.  
• Select **CAL (F1)**  
• Select **NXT (F1)** to cycle through calibration table to verify entries match calibration certificate.  
• Check for CRC error code |
<p>| Velocity measurement seems low   | 1. Probe not oriented properly           | 1. Orient probe per installation sections: Insertion (p. 8), Inline (p. 12). |
|                                  | 2. Sensor dirty                          | 2. Clean sensor (p. 62)                                                |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit will not power-up</td>
<td>a) No power input</td>
<td>• Check fuse (F1) located next to TS1 on main board.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Bad fuse</td>
<td>• Check for correct power supply voltage at TS1 on main board.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c) Bad Power supply</td>
<td>If fuse is OK and unit still won’t power up, call Fox Thermal for additional assistance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meter does not initialize</td>
<td>Electromechanical interference</td>
<td>• Check meter power cycles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Press and release F1 and F2 at the same time; the display will enter Engineering screens.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Press F1 to get to screen #23; record power cycle value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Press F4 to return to normal operation; monitor meter until problem returns.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Return to screen #23 to see if power cycles have increased; microprocessor is resetting due to EMI electrical noise entering the meter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Check Power input and output cables grounding and routing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Problem</td>
<td>Possible Cause</td>
<td>Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velocity measurement is erratic or fluctuating</td>
<td>1. Very turbulent flow</td>
<td>1. Increase dampening (see filter settings in &quot;Flow Parameters&quot; on p. 41)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Sensor dirty</td>
<td>2. Clean sensor (Refer to Maintenance section, p. 62)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Sensor broken</td>
<td>3. Return flow meter to Fox Thermal for repair (Refer to p. 88 for shipping instructions)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Probe not mounted securely</td>
<td>4. Remount probe (see Installation section, p. 8 and p. 12); must be mounted securely without vibration. If vibration persists, choose a new mounting location without location.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Malfunction in flow meter</td>
<td>5. Return flow meter to Fox Thermal for repair (Refer to p. 88 for shipping instructions)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Meter installed incorrectly</td>
<td>6. Re-install meter according to instructions (Refer to installation section, p. 8 and p. 12)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Installation Problems
The following is a summary listing of problems that may be encountered with the installation of the FT3 Thermal Mass Flow Meter.

1. Improper wiring connections for power and/or 4-20mA output signal.
The FT3 requires a separate power source for the main board and the two 4-20mA output signals. Two wires supply 24VDC power to the main board. Two wires are used for each of the 4-20mA output signals. Refer to Figure 3.4 and Figure 3.5 (p. 19). Also refer to "Wiring Precautions" and "Helpful Hints" in Wiring section (p. 14) for further guidance.

2. Inadequate power source.
For those models that are powered by 24VDC, a 24VDC ±10%, 0.7 Amp or greater power supply is recommended. If the voltage supplied is not within this range or if the power supply is not rated for 25 watts minimum, a variety of problems can occur including inaccurate flow readings, dim display and faulty programming action. The input voltage must be within the range of 21.6 to 26.4VDC as measured at the power input terminals of the flow meter electronics.

3. Flow measurement seems inaccurate.
• Check to ensure that the flow meter is installed so that the Flow Direction Arrow engraved on the flat surface of the fitting below the electronics housing is properly pointing in the direction of flow. Refer to Figure 2.7 (p. 12). If not, change orientation of meter.
• If you have a Fox Thermal insertion type flow meter, check that the insertion depth of the sensor/probe is correct. The end of the probe should be adjusted as per Figure 2.2 (p. 9).
• For inline meter types, ensure that there are a minimum of ten diameters of straight pipe upstream of the sensor and five diameters downstream (¼” meters: 6” [152 mm] of straight, unobstructed pipe upstream and downstream required). For insertion meter types, ensure that there are a minimum of fifteen diameters of straight pipe upstream of the sensor and ten diameters downstream. If complex flow disturbances are upstream of the sensor, extension of the straight pipe may be required to ensure accurate flow measurement. Contact Fox Thermal for assistance.
• Ensure that pipe area data in the meter matches data on the Fox Thermal Calibration Certificate. The pipe internal cross sectional area is programmed into the flow meter through the front panel (see Flow Parameters, p. 41). This area is programmed in square feet or square meters. The Calibration Certificate delivered with the flow meter contains the area that was programmed into the flow meter at the Fox Thermal factory. Check to ensure that this area is correct.

4. Erratic flow reading especially a flow reading spiking high.
This may be a symptom of moisture in the flow stream. Fox Thermal flow meters are designed to work in relatively dry gas applications only. Contact Fox Thermal to discuss resolutions to this problem.
Troubleshooting

5. Flow meter is not responding to flow.
This problem could be caused by a number of reasons:
• Check to ensure adequate power is supplied to the flow meter as described above. If
things appear to be correct, an easy functional test can be performed. Carefully remove
the probe and sensor from the pipe or flow body. CAUTION! the sensor is HOT. For
those flow meters with a display - and if the display is reading zero - blow on the sensor
to see if a response occurs. If nothing happens, take a damp rag or sponge and place it in
contact with the sensor. A reading should occur. Contact Fox Thermal Customer Service
with this information.
• A corrupted calibration table may lead to a zero flow reading. Verify that all Cal Flow
Parameter settings are correct by accessing the “Calibration Parameters” information on
meter (see p. 44). Check meter data for any non-whole numbers and call customer
service for assistance.

6. Display and/or 4-20mA signal reading above zero flow when no flow is occurring in the
pipe.
If the reading is less than 5% of full scale, it is likely this is a normal condition caused
by convection flow created by the heated sensor. It does not mean that the zero of the
instrument is improperly set. The Fox Thermal sensor is extremely sensitive to gas flow and
can even read the small flow caused by convection. If this is an unacceptable condition,
please contact Fox Thermal Customer Service for alternatives.

7. Mismatched serial numbers
If you have more than one meter, you must ensure that the serial numbers of meter, remote,
and/or flow body match one another. These items have been manufactured and calibrated
to operate as a unit and cannot be mismatched.
## Alarm Codes

Information to diagnose and clear alarm codes is on p. 57 under the Menu Tree section. Enter password (9111) and follow the block diagram to get to the section affected by the error code.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alarm Code</th>
<th>Reason</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Flow rate above high limits</td>
<td>Refer to the PARAMETER MENU 2 section on p. 41 of this Manual to verify limit is within range. Check ALM = HiFloAlm under PRM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Flow rate below low limits</td>
<td>Refer to the PARAMETER MENU 2 section on p. 41 of this Manual to verify limit is within range. Check ALM = LoFloAlm under PRM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Temperature above high limits</td>
<td>Refer to the PARAMETER MENU 2 section on p. 41 of this Manual to verify limit is within range. Check ALM=HiTempAlm under PRM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Temperature below low limits</td>
<td>Refer to the PARAMETER MENU 2 section on p. 41 of this Manual to verify limit is within range. Check ALM = LoTempAlm under PRM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Sensor out of range</td>
<td>Refer to the ENGINEERING DISPLAY MENU on p. 28 of this Manual and the Fox Thermal factory Calibration Certificate to check CSV voltage. Compare Display 10 value to Calibration Certificate CSV voltage and verify it's within range.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Velocity out of calibration table range</td>
<td>Refer to the ENGINEERING DISPLAY MENU on p. 28 of this Manual and the Fox Thermal factory Calibration Certificate to check CSV voltage. Compare Display 10 value to Calibration Certificate CSV voltage and verify it's within range.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Check settings</td>
<td>One or more internal settings are corrupted or out of spec. Contact Fox Thermal Service for instructions to verify settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Simulation mode</td>
<td>Meter is in Simulation Mode. Refer to the PARAMETER MENU 1 section on p. 46 of this Manual. Use the SIM Section under Diagnostics to return to normal operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Frequency output over range</td>
<td>Refer to the DIGITAL OUTPUT MENU on p. 55 of this Manual. Verify the Frequency Output settings are within limits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>4-20mA for flow rate is out of range</td>
<td>Refer to the MAIN MENU on p. 54 of this Manual. Use the Set I/O section to verify range limits under FLO Set 4-20mA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>4-20mA for temperature is out of range</td>
<td>Refer to p. 43 of this Manual. Use the Set I/O section to verify range limits under FLO Set 4-20mA. Channel #2 can be set for flow or temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Busy</td>
<td>Meter is recalculating new parameters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alarm Code</th>
<th>Reason</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>Sensor Bridge Shutdown</td>
<td>The FT3 probe is getting too hot in the FT3 electronic enclosure and remote enclosure. Check sensor wiring.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Database CRC Error</td>
<td>Refer to the PARAMETER MENU 2 section on p. 41 of this Manual to reset CRC. Use SPC section of menu to reset CRC. Contact Fox Thermal Service Department for possible causes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Totalizer Error Detected</td>
<td>See &quot;Reset the Total and Elapsed Time&quot; on p. 45 for steps to clear Error Code. Contact Fox Thermal for possible causes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>CAL-V™ in progress</td>
<td>Wait until the CAL-V™ or Cal Set is finished.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>ADC12 versus ADC24 too far</td>
<td>The tolerance between the 2 ADC is out of specification. Recalling manufacture default may correct the problem.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>CAL-V™ Diff Fail</td>
<td>The CAL-V™ Diff Failed. Check sensor wiring and verify that the sensor's resistance is correct. Call Tech Support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>Zero CAL-CHECK® Fail</td>
<td>Allow meter to stabilize for 15 minutes and perform the test again. If another &quot;Fail&quot; test results, call Tech Support.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Fig. 6.1 Local Insertion Meter with Retractor Dimensions

Table 6.1  Local Insertion Meter with Retractor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Probe Size</th>
<th>Probe Size</th>
<th>Dimension “LL”</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[model code]</td>
<td>[inches]</td>
<td>[inches/centimeters]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15R</td>
<td>15&quot;</td>
<td>15.0” (38.1cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18R</td>
<td>18”</td>
<td>18.0” (45.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24R</td>
<td>24”</td>
<td>24.0” (61.0cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30R</td>
<td>30”</td>
<td>30.0” (76.2cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36R</td>
<td>36”</td>
<td>36.0&quot; (91.4cm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Dimensions

Fig. 6.2 Remote Insertion Meter with Retractor Dimensions

Table 6.2 Remote Insertion Meter with Retractor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Probe Size</th>
<th>Probe Size</th>
<th>Dimension &quot;LL&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[model code]</td>
<td>[inches]</td>
<td>[inches/centimeters]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15R</td>
<td>15&quot;</td>
<td>15.0&quot; (38.1cm)</td>
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<tr>
<td>18R</td>
<td>18&quot;</td>
<td>18.0&quot; (45.7cm)</td>
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<tr>
<td>24R</td>
<td>24&quot;</td>
<td>24.0&quot; (61.0cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30R</td>
<td>30&quot;</td>
<td>30.0&quot; (76.2cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36R</td>
<td>36&quot;</td>
<td>36.0&quot; (91.4cm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Dimensions

Fig. 6.3 Insertion Meter Dimensions

Table 6.3 Insertion Meter with 316 stainless steel probe

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Probe Size</th>
<th>Probe Size</th>
<th>Dimension “LL”</th>
<th>Dimension &quot;HH&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>[inches]</td>
<td>[inches/centimeters]</td>
<td>[inches/centimeters]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06I</td>
<td>6&quot;</td>
<td>6.0&quot; (15.2cm)</td>
<td>12.5&quot; (31.8cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>09I</td>
<td>9&quot;</td>
<td>9.0&quot; (22.9cm)</td>
<td>15.5&quot; (39.4cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12I</td>
<td>12&quot;</td>
<td>12.0&quot; (30.5cm)</td>
<td>18.5&quot; (47.0cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15I</td>
<td>15&quot;</td>
<td>15.0&quot; (38.1cm)</td>
<td>21.5&quot; (54.6cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18I</td>
<td>18&quot;</td>
<td>18.0&quot; (45.7cm)</td>
<td>24.5&quot; (62.2cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24I</td>
<td>24&quot;</td>
<td>24.0&quot; (61.0cm)</td>
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<tr>
<td>30I</td>
<td>30&quot;</td>
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<td>36.5&quot; (92.7cm)</td>
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<tr>
<td>36I</td>
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<td>36.0&quot; (91.4cm)</td>
<td>42.5&quot; (108.0cm)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Dimensions

Fig 6.4: Insertion Remote Meter Dimensions

Table 6.4 Insertion Remote Meter with 316 stainless steel probe

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Probe Size</th>
<th>Probe Size</th>
<th>Dimension “LL”</th>
<th>Dimension “HH”</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>[inches]</td>
<td>[inches/centimeters]</td>
<td>[inches/centimeters]</td>
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<td>11.9” (30.2cm)</td>
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<tr>
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<td>9.0” (22.9cm)</td>
<td>14.9” (37.9cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>12.0” (30.5cm)</td>
<td>17.9” (45.5cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>20.9” (53.1cm)</td>
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<td>36.0” (91.4cm)</td>
<td>41.9” (106.4cm)</td>
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</table>
**Dimensions**

*Fig. 6.5: Inline Meter with 316 Stainless Steel Flow Body and NPT End Connections Dimensions*

**Table 6.5 Inline Meter with 316 stainless steel flow body and NPT End Connections**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Body Size</th>
<th>Body Size</th>
<th>Dimension “L”</th>
<th>Dimension “H”</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[model code]</td>
<td>[inches]</td>
<td>[inches]</td>
<td>[inches/centimeters]</td>
</tr>
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<td>025P</td>
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<td>5.8”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05P</td>
<td>0.50”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>075P</td>
<td>0.75”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10P</td>
<td>1.00”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125P</td>
<td>1.25”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15P</td>
<td>1.50”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20P *</td>
<td>2.00”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25P *</td>
<td>2.50”</td>
<td>18”</td>
<td>10.6” (26.9cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30P *</td>
<td>3.00”</td>
<td>18”</td>
<td>12.5” (31.8cm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Also available in A106 Grade B carbon steel pipe (20PC, 25PC, 30PC, and 40PC model codes)
Dimensions

Fig. 6.6: Inline Remote Meter with 316 Stainless Steel Flow Body and NPT End Connections

Dimensions

Table 6.6 Inline Remote Meter with 316 stainless steel flow body and NPT End Connections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Body Size</th>
<th>Body Size</th>
<th>Dimension “L”</th>
<th>Dimension “HH”</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[model code]</td>
<td>[inches]</td>
<td>[inches]</td>
<td>[inches/centimeters]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>0.50&quot;</td>
<td>12&quot;</td>
<td>10.5&quot; (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>075P</td>
<td>0.75&quot;</td>
<td>12&quot;</td>
<td>10.5&quot; (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10P</td>
<td>1.00&quot;</td>
<td>12&quot;</td>
<td>10.5&quot; (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125P</td>
<td>1.25&quot;</td>
<td>12&quot;</td>
<td>10.5&quot; (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15P</td>
<td>1.50&quot;</td>
<td>12&quot;</td>
<td>10.5&quot; (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20P *</td>
<td>2.00&quot;</td>
<td>12&quot;</td>
<td>10.5&quot; (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25P *</td>
<td>2.50&quot;</td>
<td>18&quot;</td>
<td>10.6&quot; (26.9cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30P *</td>
<td>3.00&quot;</td>
<td>18&quot;</td>
<td>12.5&quot; (31.8cm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Also available in A106 Grade B carbon steel pipe (20PC, 25PC, 30PC, and 40PC model codes)
Fig. 6.7: Inline Meter with 316 Stainless Steel Flow Body and 150lb RF Flange End Connections

Dimensions

Table 6.7 Inline Meter with 316 stainless steel flow body and 150lb RF Flange End Connections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>075F</td>
<td>0.75”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10F</td>
<td>1.00”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125F</td>
<td>1.25”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15F</td>
<td>1.50”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20F *</td>
<td>2.00”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25F *</td>
<td>2.50”</td>
<td>18”</td>
<td>10.6” (26.9cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>3.00”</td>
<td>18”</td>
<td>12.5” (31.8cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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</tr>
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<td>60F</td>
<td>6.00”</td>
<td>24”</td>
<td>12.5” (31.8cm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Also available in A106 Grade B carbon steel pipe with A105 flanges (20FC, 25FC, 30FC, and 40FC model codes)
Dimensions

Fig. 6.8: Inline Remote Meter with Stainless Steel Flow Body and 150lb RF Flange End Connections

Dimensions

Table 6.8 Inline Remote Meter with stainless steel flow body and 150lb RF Flange End Connections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>05F</td>
<td>0.50”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>075F</td>
<td>0.75”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10F</td>
<td>1.00”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125F</td>
<td>1.25”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15F</td>
<td>1.50”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20F *</td>
<td>2.00”</td>
<td>12”</td>
<td>10.5” (26.7cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25F *</td>
<td>2.50”</td>
<td>18”</td>
<td>10.6” (26.9cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30F *</td>
<td>3.00”</td>
<td>18”</td>
<td>12.5” (31.8cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40F *</td>
<td>4.00”</td>
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<td>12.5” (31.8cm)</td>
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<tr>
<td>60F</td>
<td>6.00”</td>
<td>24”</td>
<td>12.5” (31.8cm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Also available in A106 Grade B carbon steel pipe with A105 flanges (20FC, 25FC, 30FC, and 40FC model codes)
Performance Specs

Flow Accuracy:
- Inline Meter: ± 1% of reading ± 0.2 % of full scale.
- ¼” size: 6” (152 mm) of straight, unobstructed pipe upstream and downstream required.
- All other sizes: 8 diameters of straight, unobstructed pipe upstream and 4 downstream required.
- Insertion Meter: ± 1% of reading ± 0.2 % of full scale.
- 15 diameters of straight, unobstructed pipe upstream and 10 downstream required.

Flow Repeatability: ± 0.2% of full scale

Flow Response Time: 0.9 seconds (one time constant)

Temperature Accuracy:
- ± 1.8° F (± 1.0° C) -40 to 250° F (-40 to 121° C); ± 3.6° F (± 2.0° C), 250 to 650° F (121 to 343° C); 60 SFPM minimum.

Calibration:
- Factory Calibration to NIST traceable standards
- CAL-V™ & Zero CAL-CHECK®: In situ, operator-initiated calibration validation

Operating Specs

Units of Measurement (field selectable):

Relative Humidity: 90% RH maximum; non-condensing

Flow Rates for Insertion Flow Meter:
- 15 to 60,000 SFPM (0.07 to 280 NMPS) - Air at 70°F (20°C) & 1 ATM
- Turndown: up to 1000:1; 100:1 typical

| Typical Flow Ranges for Insertion Flow Meters |
|-----------------|-------|-------|
| **Pipe size**   | **SCFM** | **NM3/hr** |
| 1.5” (40mm)     | 0 - 840 | 0 - 1,325 |
| 2” (50mm)       | 0 - 1,400 | 0 - 2,210 |
| 2.5” (62mm)     | 0 - 2,000 | 0 - 3,150 |
| 3” (80mm)       | 0 - 3,100 | 0 - 4,890 |
| 4” (100mm)      | 0 - 5,300 | 0 - 8,360 |
| 6” (150mm)      | 0 - 12,000 | 0 - 18,930 |
| 8” (200mm)      | 0 - 20,840 | 0 - 32,870 |
| 10” (250mm)     | 0 - 32,800 | 0 - 51,740 |
| 12” (300mm)     | 0 - 46,600 | 0 - 73,500 |
Full Scale Flow Ranges for In-Line Flow meters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>SCFM</th>
<th>NM³/hr</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.25&quot;</td>
<td>0 - 7.5</td>
<td>0 - 11.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.5&quot;</td>
<td>0 - 125</td>
<td>0 - 200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.75&quot;</td>
<td>0 - 220</td>
<td>0 - 350</td>
</tr>
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<td>1&quot;</td>
<td>0 - 360</td>
<td>0 - 570</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.25&quot;</td>
<td>0 - 625</td>
<td>0 - 990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.5&quot;</td>
<td>0 - 840</td>
<td>0 - 1,325</td>
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<td>0 - 1,400</td>
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<td>0 - 2,000</td>
<td>0 - 3,150</td>
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<td>3&quot;</td>
<td>0 - 3,100</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6&quot;</td>
<td>0 - 12,000</td>
<td>0 - 18,930</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE!** Standard conditions of air at 70°F and one atmosphere. Consult factory for other gases and for flow ranges above those listed. Inline meters above 2,500 SCFM (4,250 NM3/H) air may require third party Calibration. Contact Fox Thermal.

Gas Pressure (maximum):
- Insertion: 500 psig (34.5 barg)
- Inline (1/4" through 6"): NPT 500 psig (34.5 barg); 150lb flange 230 psig (16 barg)
- Check with factory for higher pressure options.

**NOTE!** Pressure ratings stated for temperature of 100°F (38°C).

Temperature:
- ST sensor: -40 to 250°F (-40 to 121°C)
- HT Sensor: -40 to 650°F (-40 to 343°C)

Enclosure:
- Without display or AC power supply: -40 to 158°F (-40 to 70°C)
- With display and/or AC power supply: -4 to 158°F, (-20 to 70°C)
- Remote sensor junction box: -40 to 212°F (-40 to 100°C).

Input Power:
- 24 VDC — (± 10%), 0.7 Amps (standard DC power)
- 100 to 240VAC~(+10%/-15%), 50-60Hz, 0.2 Amps (with AC power option)

**NOTE!** Fluctuations of AC and DC power supply are not to exceed ± 10% of rating.

Class I Equipment (Electrical Grounding Required for Safety).
Installation (Over-voltage) Category II for transient over-voltages.
Outputs:
Two isolated 4-20mA outputs (output one is for flow rate and output two is programmable for flow rate or temperature); fault indication per NAMUR NE43.
Isolated pulse output 0 to 100Hz, 5 to 24 volts p/p for flow (the pulse output can be used as an isolated solid state output for alarms); 20mA max.

Serial Communication:
USB communication port is standard. The free PC-based software tool - FT3 View™ - provides complete configuration, remote process monitoring, and data logging functions. Optional serial communication: HART and RS485 Modbus.

4-20mA Loop Verification:
Simulation mode used to align 4-20mA output with the input to customer’s PLC/DCS.

Physical Specs
Sensor material: 316 stainless steel standard; Hastelloy C276 optional

Enclosure:
NEMA 4X (IP67), aluminum, dual conduit entries with ¾” NPT or optional M20 x 1.5mm.
Cabling to remote enclosure: 5-conductor, 18 AWG, twisted, shielded, 100 feet maximum.

Retractor Assemblies:
Packing gland assembly: 125 psig (8.6 barg ) max.
High pressure (crank) retractor: NPT 600 psig (41.4 barg), ANSI 150 flange & ANSI 300 flange, no valve supplied.

Insertion Flow Meter Installation:
Fox Thermal-supplied compression fitting connects to customer-supplied ¾” female coupling welded to pipe.

Agency Approvals
CE: Approved
EMC Directive; 2014/30/EU
Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control, and Lab Use: EN61326-1:2013
Low Voltage Directive (LVD): 2014/35/EU
Product Safety Testing: EN 61010-1: 2010
Weld Testing: EN ISO 15614-1 and EN ISO 9606-1, ASME B31.3

FM and FMc: Approved
Class I, Div. 1, Groups B, C, D;
Class II, Div. 1, Groups E, F, G;
Class III, Div. 1; T3C, Ta = -40°C to 70°C;
Class I, Zone 1, AEx/Ex d IIB+H2 (T6, T4, or T1*); Ta = -20°C to 70°C; Type 4X (IP67)
ATEX (FM12ATEX0034X): Approved
II 2 G  Ex db IIB+H2 (T6, T4, or T1*) Gb Ta = -20°C to 70°C; IP67
II 2 D  Ex tb IIIIC (T85°C, T135°C, or T450°C*) Db Ta = -20°C to 70°C; IP67

IECEx (IECEx FMG 12.0010X): Approved
Ex db IIB+H2 (T6, T4, or T1*) Gb Ta = -20°C to 70°C; IP67
Ex tb IIIIC (T85°C or T135°C*) Db Ta = -20°C to 70°C; IP67**

ATEX and IECEx Standards:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model Code</th>
<th>Temperature Code Marking (Gas)</th>
<th>Temperature Code Marking (Dust)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enclosure</td>
<td>Sensor Type</td>
<td>Main Enclosure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1</td>
<td>ST</td>
<td>T4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2</td>
<td>ST</td>
<td>T4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E3</td>
<td>ST</td>
<td>T6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E4</td>
<td>ST</td>
<td>T6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E3</td>
<td>HT</td>
<td>T6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E4</td>
<td>HT</td>
<td>T6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Temperature code ratings for Zones are dependent on external process temperature factors and equipment enclosure configuration. See the table above for specific temperature code ratings.

**The IECEx dust rating does not apply to the Remote Enclosure.

**NOTE!** The EU Pressure Equipment Directive (PED) requires that the minimum ambient and fluid temperature rating for carbon steel flow bodies not be below -29°C.
Scope: FT3 with 2 Gas Curves
This section describes added features to the standard FT3 flow meter when using the 2 gas curves firmware option.

FT3 2 Gas Curves
The 2 Gas Curves firmware allows the use of two different calibration tables when running with different gases. One of two methods can be used to switch between the two calibration curves:

1) Use of Contact Input:
When the contact input is programmed for curve switching, an open contact will select curve #1 and a contact closure will select curve #2.

2) Use of the Keypad:
If the contact input is not programmed for curve switching, pressing F2 and F3 simultaneously will prompt an operator to manually switch curve upon entering a password and confirming the action by pressing the appropriate key.

Pressing F2 & F3 simultaneously:

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>F1</th>
<th>F2</th>
<th>F3</th>
<th>F4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NO</td>
<td>YES</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

Password needs to be entered if active (default: 1234):

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>F1</th>
<th>F2</th>
<th>F3</th>
<th>F4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UP</td>
<td>DN</td>
<td>NXT</td>
<td>OK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

After entering a valid password, a brief confirmation message will be displayed for 1 second:

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>F1</th>
<th>F2</th>
<th>F3</th>
<th>F4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SWITCH TO CRV 1?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

3) Programming Contact Input for Curve Switching:
Enter the menu using steps outlined in "Contact Input Settings" section (p. 35) and select "Switch CRV". Please note that the flow meter needs to be programmed for 2 gas curves at the Fox factory before you can select this function. Flow meters are shipped with pre-programmed user requested settings.

```
INP=SWITCH CRV
NXT OK
```

Selections are:
- "Not used"
- "Tot Reset"
- "Switch Crv"

Helpful Hint:
From normal display mode, press F4 to view the current gas curve selection.

4) Programming Densities for Curve 1 and Curve 2:
When the selected flow unit is mass/time, two different densities will be used for each curve if the meter has been programmed for 2 gas curves. To change the densities:

Go to the unit menu following "Unit Settings" section.

```
DNS1 = 0.9876
CHG OK
```

DNS1 is the density associated with curve 1. Change it as needed and press OK.

```
DNS2 = 1.2876
CHG OK
```

DNS2 is the density associated with curve 1. Change it as needed and press OK.
5) Programming 4-20mA settings for Curve 1 and Curve 2:
When the meter has been programmed for 2 gas curves, 2 sets of 4-20mA settings for flow rate are used. To program these settings:

Go to the 4-20mA setting following the "Analog 4-20mA Settings" section.

20mA is the upper limit associated with curve 1. Change it as needed and press OK.

4mA is the lower limit associated with curve 1. Change it as needed and press OK.

20 maCv2 is the upper limit associated with curve 2. Change it as needed and press OK.

4 maCv2 is the lower limit associated with curve 2. Change it as needed and press OK.
6) **Operation:**
To avoid confusion, only one of two techniques is enabled. If the contact input is assigned to switch gas curves, then the ability to switch using the F2 and F3 function keys on the front panel is disabled.

Two totalizers (Total 1 and Total 2) and two elapsed time counters are available on the display and through the USB serial communication. The reset function will reset all totalizers and elapsed time counter to zero.

In the event of a power failure, the software will remember the last curve in use. Upon powering up again, the FT3 unit will continue to use that curve.

Switching between gas curves will require a password unless the password is set to "0", which disables it.

The calibration certificates for order with 2 gas curves will identify which gas is Gas 1 and Gas 2.

When measuring in mass units, a density value must be entered for each gas curve.
Tilt Installations
These variations on installations help prevent moisture and condensation from forming on the sensor and disrupting accurate flow measurement. Fox Thermal recommends 180° installation, if possible.

Tilt installation at 90°, CW

Tilt Installation at 90°, CCW

Tilt Installation at 180°
Appendices

**Tilt Installation at 45°**
When restricted physical installation space exists, the FT3 can also be installed at a 45° angle. Please note that the display's orientation will remain aligned with the top of the meter.

![ NOTE! Displays are rotatable only in 90° angle increments. ]

For more information about display configurations, visit www.foxthermal.com to view other display configurations.

Tilt Installation at 45°, CW
Returning a Meter

The Fox Thermal Customer Service Department (PH: 831- 384-4300 or FAX: 831-337-5787) can help you through the process of returning a meter for service.

If it becomes necessary to return a Fox Thermal flow meter for service or recalibration, please follow these steps:

A Return Material Authorization (RMA) Number must be obtained from the Fox Thermal Customer Service Department prior to returning any Fox Thermal meter(s).

• Please have your meter’s serial number(s) available.
• Read and complete the Fox Thermal RMA Customer Information Form. Be sure to initial the decontamination statement as well as provide complete return shipping instructions (we cannot deliver to post office boxes).
• The entire flow meter must be returned, including all electronics (unless specifically instructed to do otherwise). ALL serial numbers must match their corresponding meters. This is especially necessary when returning remote and/or flow body models.
• Clean and decontaminate all wetted parts before returning to Fox Thermal.
• Ship the meter to the following address:

  Fox Thermal Instruments, Inc.
  399 Reservation Road
  Marina, CA 93933
  Attn: Service Dept.
  [RMA Number]

NOTE! Be sure to review all of the information on the Customer Information Form before sending your meter to the Fox Thermal Customer Service Department. The Fox Thermal Shipping/Receiving Department cannot accept meters that have not been prepared appropriately.

What to expect while your meter is being serviced

Depending on the type of service required when returning your Fox Thermal meter, there are varying turnover times for servicing a meter. The average time needed to service the meter is 7-10 days (not including shipping or peak production times).

If you have already shipped your meter to Fox Thermal for servicing and would like to check the status of your meter, please fill out our online Service Order Status form located at www.foxthermal.com and you will hear from a Customer Service Rep within 1 business day of your requested update.

Rush recalibration service is available for a fee. Restrictions apply.
Warranty

(a) Fox Thermal Instruments, Inc. (Fox Thermal) warrants that the products furnished under this Agreement will be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of shipment. The customer shall provide notice of any defect to Fox Thermal, within one week after the Customer’s discovery of such defect. The sole obligation and liability of Fox Thermal, under this warranty shall be repair or replace, at its option, without cost to the Customer, the defective product or part.

(b) Upon request by Fox Thermal, the product or part claimed to be defective shall immediately be returned at the Customer’s expense to Fox Thermal. Replaced or repaired products or parts will be shipped to the Customer at the expense of Fox Thermal. Fox Thermal shall have the right of final determination as to the existence and cause of defect.

(c) There shall be no warranty or liability for any products or parts that have been subject to misuse, accident, negligence, failure of electric power or modifications by the Customer without the written approval of Fox Thermal. Final determination of warranty eligibility shall be made by Fox Thermal. If a warranty claim is considered invalid for any reason, the Customer will be charged for services performed and expenses incurred by Fox Thermal, in handling and shipping the returned unit.

(d) The liability of Fox Thermal shall be limited to replacing or repairing, at its option, any defective parts which are returned. Labor and related expenses incurred to install replacement parts are not covered by this warranty.

(e) As to replacement parts supplied or repairs made during the original warranty period, the warranty period for the replacement or repaired part shall terminate with the termination of the warranty period of the original product or part.

(f) The use of these products is under exclusive control of the purchaser and Fox Thermal specifically denies any responsibility for the calibration of units and/or accuracy of work performed or the safety of the system in which Fox Thermal products is used. EXTERNAL SAFETY DEVICES MUST BE USED WITH THIS EQUIPMENT.

(g) No warranty is made with respect to custom equipment or products produced to Buyer’s specifications except as specifically stated in writing by Fox Thermal and contained in the agreement.

(h) THE FOREGOING WARRANTY CONSTITUTES THE SOLE LIABILITY OF FOX THERMAL, AND THE CUSTOMER’S SOLE REMEDY WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCTS AND IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, LIABILITIES, AND REMEDIES. EXCEPT AS THUS PROVIDED, FOX THERMAL DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
## Definitions

### Glossary of Terms and Definitions

<table>
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<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AC</td>
<td>Alternating Current</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AWG</td>
<td>American Wire Gauge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bara</td>
<td>Bar absolute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CTC</td>
<td>Contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAL</td>
<td>Calibration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHG</td>
<td>Change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COM</td>
<td>Communication</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSV</td>
<td>Current Sense Voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC</td>
<td>Direct Current</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DN</td>
<td>Down</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP</td>
<td>Display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELP</td>
<td>Elapsed time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feq</td>
<td>Frequency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ft^2</td>
<td>Square Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I/O</td>
<td>Input/Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INP</td>
<td>Input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR</td>
<td>Infrared (IR Buttons = optical switches)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LB</td>
<td>Pound</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LB/D</td>
<td>Pound per Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LB/H</td>
<td>Pound per Hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LB/M</td>
<td>Pound per Minute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LB/S</td>
<td>Pound per Second</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCD</td>
<td>Liquid Crystal Display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KG</td>
<td>Kilogram</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KG/H</td>
<td>Kilogram per Hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KG/M</td>
<td>Kilogram per Minute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KG/S</td>
<td>Kilogram per Second</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M^2</td>
<td>Square Meter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mmHG</td>
<td>Pressure in millimeters of mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MMSCFD</td>
<td>Million Standard Cubic Feet per Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MXFLO</td>
<td>Maximum Flow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEMA</td>
<td>National Electrical Manufactures Association</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NIST</td>
<td>National Institute of Standards and Technology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLP</td>
<td>Normal Liter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLPH</td>
<td>Normal Liter per Hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLPM</td>
<td>Normal Liter per Minute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM3</td>
<td>Normal cubic Meter</td>
</tr>
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</table>
### Definitions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NM3/H</td>
<td>Normal cubic Meter per Hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM3/M</td>
<td>Normal cubic Meter per Minute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NPT</td>
<td>National Pipe Thread</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNT</td>
<td>Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U/P</td>
<td>Unit per Pulse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC</td>
<td>Personal Computer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P/U</td>
<td>Pulse per Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIP A^2</td>
<td>Pipe Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLC</td>
<td>Programmable Logic Controller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRM</td>
<td>Parameters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRS</td>
<td>Pressure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSIA</td>
<td>Pounds per Square Inch Absolute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pt</td>
<td>Point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSW</td>
<td>Password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIM</td>
<td>Simulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCF</td>
<td>Standard Cubic Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCFM</td>
<td>Standard Cubic Feet per Minute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCFH</td>
<td>Standard Cubic Feet per Hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCFD</td>
<td>Standard Cubic Feet per Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPC</td>
<td>Special Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STP</td>
<td>Standard Temperature and Pressure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMP</td>
<td>Temperature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TSI</td>
<td>Internal Variable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TSV</td>
<td>Internal Variable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>420</td>
<td>4-20mA output</td>
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Wiring

Definition of Terms

Troubleshooting Tips

NOTE! is used for Notes and Information

WARNING! is used to indicate a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION! is used to indicate a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

Indicates compliance with the WEEE Directive. Please dispose of the product in accordance with local regulations and conventions.


Enclosure Protection Classification per IEC 60529: Protected against the ingress of dust and Immersion.